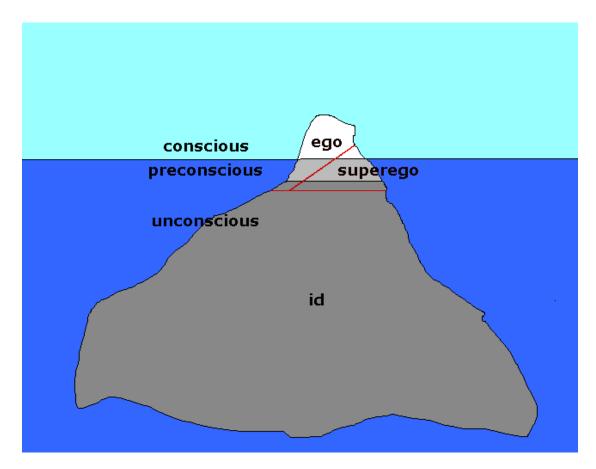
Freud's psychoanalytic theory

Freud divided the human psyche (mind, personality, self, or soul) into three parts: the superego, the ego, and the id.



Superego:

- externally imposed standards and regulations that humans live by (customs, laws, mores, standards, taboos)
- creates the social image or self by inhibiting the instinctual impulses that produce antisocial behavior

Ego:

- the conscious mind and central part of the psyche that functions as a mediator
- modifies behavior by controlling socially unacceptable impulses

<u>Id</u>:

- instinctual needs and biological urges (sex drive, hunger, and aggression)
- dominated by the pleasure principle to achieve immediate gratification of desires